



SAFETY DATA SHEET

Ebonising Lacquer Aerosol

According to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II, as amended. Commission Regulation (EU) No 2015/830 of 28 May 2015.

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product name Ebonising Lacquer Aerosol

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses Air drying paint/lacquer product for interior use.

Uses advised against No specific uses advised against are identified.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier

Chestnut Products
PO BOX 260,
Stowmarket,
IP14 9BX
+44 (0) 1473 890118
+44 (0) 1473 206522
mailroom@chestnutproducts.co.uk

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone +44 (0)1473 425878 (09:00-17:00 Mon- Fri)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (EC 1272/2008)

Physical hazards Aerosol 1 - H222, H229

Health hazards Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 STOT SE 3 - H336

Environmental hazards Not Classified

2.2. Label elements

Pictogram



Signal word Danger

Hazard statements

H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.
H229 Pressurised container: may burst if heated
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

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Precautionary statements	P102 Keep out of reach of children.
	P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
	P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
	P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.
	P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
	P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
	P410+P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.
Supplemental label information	P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.
	EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
Contains	Acetone
Supplementary precautionary statements	P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.
	P261 Avoid breathing vapour/ spray.
	P264 Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling.
	P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
	P312 Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor if you feel unwell.
	P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.
	P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
	P405 Store locked up.

2.3. Other hazards

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Petroleum gases, liquefied <0.1% 1,3 butadiene			30 - <60%
CAS number: 68476-85-7		EC number: 270-704-2	
Classification Flam. Gas 1 - H220 Press. Gas, Liquefied - H280			
Acetone			30 - <60%
CAS number: 67-64-1		EC number: 200-662-2	REACH registration number: 012119471330-49XXXX
Classification Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 STOT SE 3 - H336			

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Xylene			5 - <10%
CAS number: 1330-20-7	EC number: 215-535-7	REACH registration number: 01-2119488216-32-XXXX	
Classification Flam. Liq. 3 - H226 Acute Tox. 4 - H312 Acute Tox. 4 - H332 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 STOT SE 3 - H335 STOT RE 2 - H373 Asp. Tox. 1 - H304			

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate			5 - <10%
CAS number: 108-65-6	EC number: 203-603-9		
Classification Flam. Liq. 3 - H226			

n-Butyl acetate			0.5 - <1%
CAS number: 123-86-4	EC number: 204-658-1	REACH registration number: 01-2119485493-29-XXXX	
Classification Flam. Liq. 3 - H226 STOT SE 3 - H336			

Methyl methacrylate			<1%
CAS number: 80-62-6	EC number: 201-297-1		
Classification Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Skin Sens. 1 - H317 STOT SE 3 - H335			

The full text for all hazard statements is displayed in Section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information

Get medical attention if any discomfort continues. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical personnel.

Inhalation

Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt. When breathing is difficult, properly trained personnel may assist affected person by administering oxygen. Get medical attention. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place.

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Ingestion	Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Give a few small glasses of water or milk to drink. Stop if the affected person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place. Keep affected person under observation. Get medical attention.
Skin contact	Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water.
Eye contact	Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Rinse with water. Do not rub eye. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.
Protection of first aiders	First aid personnel should wear appropriate protective equipment during any rescue.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

General information	The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.
Inhalation	A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Central nervous system depression. Drowsiness, dizziness, disorientation, vertigo. Narcotic effect.
Ingestion	Due to the physical nature of this product, it is unlikely that ingestion will occur. May cause nausea, headache, dizziness and intoxication.
Skin contact	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
Eye contact	Irritating to eyes.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes for the doctor	Treat symptomatically.
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SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media	The product is flammable. Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog. Use fire-extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards	Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up. If aerosol cans are ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurised contents and propellant. Forms explosive mixtures with air.
Hazardous combustion products	Hydrocarbons. Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO ₂).

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Protective actions during firefighting	Evacuate area. Keep upwind to avoid inhalation of gases, vapours, fumes and smoke. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove them from the fire area if it can be done without risk. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. If a leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse vapours and protect men stopping the leak. Control run-off water by containing and keeping it out of sewers and watercourses. If risk of water pollution occurs, notify appropriate authorities.
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Special protective equipment for firefighters Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing. Firefighter's clothing conforming to European standard EN469 (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Risk of explosion. Evacuate area. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Provide adequate ventilation. Use suitable respiratory protection if ventilation is inadequate. Promptly remove any clothing that becomes contaminated.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions Avoid discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Clear up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Do not allow material to enter confined spaces, due to the risk of explosion. Flush contaminated area with plenty of water. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Reference to other sections For personal protection, see Section 8. See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. See Section 12 for additional information on ecological hazards. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Usage precautions Keep out of the reach of children. Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid exposing aerosol containers to high temperatures or direct sunlight. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Avoid contact with eyes. Avoid inhalation of vapours and spray/mists. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

Advice on general occupational hygiene Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. Take off contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage precautions Store locked up. Keep away from oxidising materials, heat and flames. Store in tightly-closed, original container in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F. Protect containers from damage.

Storage class Chemical storage.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Specific end use(s) The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.

SECTION 8: Exposure Controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Petroleum gases, liquefied <0.1% 1,3 butadiene

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Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 1000 ppm 1750 mg/m³

Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 1250 ppm 2180 mg/m³

Acetone

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 500 ppm 1210 mg/m³

Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 1500 ppm 3620 mg/m³

Xylene

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 50 ppm 220 mg/m³

Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 100 ppm 441 mg/m³

Sk

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 50 ppm 274 mg/m³

Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 100 ppm 548 mg/m³

Sk

n-Butyl acetate

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 150 ppm 724 mg/m³

Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 200 ppm 966 mg/m³

Methyl methacrylate

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 50 ppm 208 mg/m³

Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 100 ppm 416 mg/m³

WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit

Sk = Can be absorbed through the skin.

Acetone (CAS: 67-64-1)

DNEL

Workers - Inhalation; Short term local effects: 2420 mg/m³

Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 1210 mg/m³

Workers - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 186 mg/kg/day

Consumer - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 200 mg/m³

Consumer - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 62 mg/kg/day

Consumer - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 62 mg/kg/day

PNEC

- Fresh water; 10.6 mg/l

- Marine water; 1.06 mg/l

- Intermittent release; 21 mg/l

- STP; 100 mg/l

- Sediment (Freshwater); 30.4 mg/kg

- Sediment (Marinewater); 3.04 mg/kg

- Soil; 29.5 mg/kg

Xylene (CAS: 1330-20-7)

DNEL

Workers - Inhalation; Short term local effects: 289 mg/m³

Workers - Inhalation; Short term systemic effects: 289 mg/m³

Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 77 mg/m³

Workers - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 180 mg/kg/day

Consumer - Inhalation; Short term local effects: 174 mg/m³

Consumer - Inhalation; Short term systemic effects: 174 mg/m³

Consumer - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 14.8 mg/m³

Consumer - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 108 mg/kg/day

Consumer - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 1.6 mg/kg/day

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PNEC

- Fresh water; 0.327 mg/l
- Marine water; 0.327 mg/l
- Intermittent release; 0.327 mg/l
- STP; 6.58 mg/l
- Sediment (Freshwater); 12.46 mg/kg
- Sediment (Marinewater); 12.46 mg/kg
- Soil; 2.31 mg/kg

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate (CAS: 108-65-6)

DNEL

Consumer - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 1.67 mg/kg/day
 Consumer - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 54.8 mg/kg/day
 Industry - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 153.5 mg/kg/day
 Consumer - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 33 mg/m³
 Industry - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 275 mg/m³

PNEC

- Fresh water; 0.635 mg/l
- Sediment (Freshwater); 3.29 mg/kg
- Sediment (Marinewater); 0.329 mg/kg
- Soil; 0.29 mg/kg

8.2. Exposure controls

Protective equipment



Appropriate engineering controls

Provide adequate ventilation.

Eye/face protection

Avoid contact with eyes. Large Spillages: Eyewear complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates eye contact is possible. Wear chemical splash goggles.

Hand protection

For users with sensitive skin, it is recommended that suitable protective gloves are worn. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material.

Other skin and body protection

Wear appropriate clothing to prevent repeated or prolonged skin contact.

Hygiene measures

Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Respiratory protection

Provide adequate ventilation. Large Spillages: If ventilation is inadequate, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Environmental exposure controls

Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Aerosol.
Colour	Black.
Odour	Solvent.

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Odour threshold	Not available.
pH	Not available.
Melting point	Not available.
Initial boiling point and range	-41°C
Flash point	-40°C
Evaporation rate	Not available.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	Lower flammable/explosive limit: 0.8% Upper flammable/explosive limit: 13.1%
Vapour pressure	Not available.
Vapour density	Not available.
Relative density	0.718
Solubility(ies)	Insoluble in water.
Partition coefficient	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	333°C
Decomposition Temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	Not applicable.
Explosive properties	Not considered to be explosive.
Oxidising properties	Does not meet the criteria for classification as oxidising.

9.2. Other information

Other information	No information required.
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SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Reactivity	Forms explosive mixtures with air.
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10.2. Chemical stability

Stability	Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Stable under the prescribed storage conditions. Highly volatile.
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10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous reactions	The following materials may react strongly with the product: Oxidising agents.
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10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid	Avoid exposing aerosol containers to high temperatures or direct sunlight. Pressurised container: may burst if heated
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10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid	Avoid contact with the following materials: Strong oxidising agents.
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10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products	Does not decompose when used and stored as recommended. Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Harmful gases or vapours.
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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity - oral

Notes (oral LD₅₀) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD₅₀) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

ATE dermal (mg/kg) 12,234.73

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Notes (inhalation LC₅₀) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l) 122.35

Skin corrosion/irritation

Animal data Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye damage/irritation Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory sensitisation

Respiratory sensitisation Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity - in vitro Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

IARC carcinogenicity None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity - fertility Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity - development Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

STOT - single exposure STOT SE 3 - H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Target organs Central nervous system

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard

Aspiration hazard Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

General information

The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.

Inhalation

A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Central nervous system depression. Drowsiness, dizziness, disorientation, vertigo. Narcotic effect.

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Ingestion	Due to the physical nature of this product, it is unlikely that ingestion will occur. May cause nausea, headache, dizziness and intoxication.
Skin contact	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
Eye contact	Irritating to eyes.
Route of entry	Ingestion Inhalation Skin and/or eye contact
Target organs	Central nervous system

Acetone

Acute toxicity - oral

Acute toxicity oral (LD₅₀ mg/kg) 5,800.0

Species Rat

Notes (oral LD₅₀) REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

ATE oral (mg/kg) 5,800.0

Acute toxicity - dermal

Acute toxicity dermal (LD₅₀ mg/kg) 7,427.0

Species Rabbit

Notes (dermal LD₅₀) REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

ATE dermal (mg/kg) 7,427.0

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Acute toxicity inhalation (LC₅₀ gases ppmV) 54,000.0

Species Rat

Acute toxicity inhalation (LC₅₀ vapours mg/l) 128.0

Species Rat

Notes (inhalation LC₅₀) REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

ATE inhalation (gases ppm) 54,000.0

ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l) 128.0

Skin corrosion/irritation

Human skin model test Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation Guinea pig maximization test (GPMT) - Guinea pig: Not sensitising. REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

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Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity - in vitro Gene mutation: Negative. REACH dossier information. This substance has no evidence of mutagenic properties.

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity NOEL 0.1 ml, Dermal, Mouse REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity - development Maternal toxicity: - NOAEC: 2200 ppm, Inhalation, Rat No evidence of reproductive toxicity in animal studies.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

STOT - single exposure STOT SE 3 - H336 Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Target organs Central nervous system

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure NOAEL 20000 ppm, Oral, Mouse REACH dossier information. Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after repeated exposure.

Xylene

Acute toxicity - oral

Notes (oral LD₅₀) REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD₅₀) REACH dossier information. Harmful in contact with skin.

ATE dermal (mg/kg) 1,100.0

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Notes (inhalation LC₅₀) Harmful if inhaled.

ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l) 11.0

Skin corrosion/irritation

Animal data Dose: 0.5 ml, 4 hours, Rabbit Primary dermal irritation index: 3 REACH dossier information. Irritating.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye damage/irritation Dose: 0.1 mL, not rinsed out, Rabbit Causes serious eye irritation. REACH dossier information.

Respiratory sensitisation

Respiratory sensitisation Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation Local Lymph Node Assay (LLNA) - Mouse: Not sensitising. REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity - in vitro Chromosome aberration: Negative. REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

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Genotoxicity - in vivo	Chromosome aberration: Negative. REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
<u>Carcinogenicity</u>	
Carcinogenicity	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
IARC carcinogenicity	IARC Group 3 Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans.
<u>Reproductive toxicity</u>	
Reproductive toxicity - fertility	Two-generation study - NOAEC >500 ppm, Inhalation, Rat P REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Reproductive toxicity - development	Developmental toxicity: - NOAEC: >500 ppm, Inhalation, Rat REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
<u>Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure</u>	
STOT - single exposure	STOT SE 3 - H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
Target organs	Respiratory system, lungs
<u>Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure</u>	
STOT - repeated exposure	STOT RE 2 - H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Target organs	Central nervous system Kidneys Liver
<u>Aspiration hazard</u>	
Aspiration hazard	Aspiration hazard if swallowed.

SECTION 12: Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity	Not regarded as dangerous for the environment. However, large or frequent spills may have hazardous effects on the environment.
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12.1. Toxicity

Toxicity	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
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Acetone

Toxicity	Aquatic toxicity is unlikely to occur. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Acute toxicity - fish	LC ₅₀ , 96 hours: 6210 mg/l, Pimephales promelas (Fat-head Minnow) REACH dossier information.
Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates	LC ₅₀ , 48 hours: 8800 mg/l, Daphnia pulex REACH dossier information.
Acute toxicity - aquatic plants	NOEC, 8 days: 530 mg/l, Microcystis aeruginosa REACH dossier information.
Acute toxicity - microorganisms	EC ₁₂ , 30 minutes: 1000 mg/l, Activated sludge REACH dossier information.
Chronic toxicity - aquatic invertebrates	NOEC, 28 days: 1106 - 2212 mg/l, Daphnia magna LOEC, 28 days: 2212 mg/l, Daphnia magna REACH dossier information.

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Xylene

Toxicity	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Acute toxicity - fish	LC ₅₀ , 96 hours: 2.6 mg/l, Onchorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout)
Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates	IC ₅₀ , 24 hours: 2.2 mg/l, Daphnia magna
Acute toxicity - aquatic plants	EC ₅₀ , 73 hours: 4.36 mg/l, Selenastrum capricornutum
Chronic toxicity - fish early life stage	NOEC, 56 days: >1.3 mg/l, Onchorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout)

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability The degradability of the product is not known.

Acetone

Persistence and degradability	The product is readily biodegradable.
Phototransformation	Water - DT ₅₀ : 10 days REACH dossier information.
Biodegradation	Water - Degradation (90.9%): 28 days REACH dossier information.

Xylene

Persistence and degradability	The product is readily biodegradable.
Phototransformation	Water - DT ₅₀ : 1.09 days
Biodegradation	Water - Degradation 87.8%: 28 days

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative potential	No data available on bioaccumulation.
Partition coefficient	Not available.

Acetone

Partition coefficient	log Pow: -0.24 REACH dossier information.
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Xylene

Bioaccumulative potential	BCF: 25.9, Onchorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout)
Partition coefficient	log Pow: 3.12

12.4. Mobility in soil

Mobility	The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOCs) which will evaporate easily from all surfaces.
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Acetone

Mobility	The product is soluble in water.
Henry's law constant	2.929 Pa m ³ /mol @ 25°C REACH dossier information.
Surface tension	23700 mN/m @ 20°C REACH dossier information.

Xylene

Mobility	The product is soluble in water.
Adsorption/desorption coefficient	Water - log Koc: 2.73 @ 20-25°C
Henry's law constant	623 Pa m ³ /mol @ 25°C Estimated value.
Surface tension	28.75 mN/m @ 25°C

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.
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Acetone

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.
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Xylene

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.
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12.6. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects	None known.
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SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

General information	The generation of waste should be minimised or avoided wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues and hence be potentially hazardous.
Disposal methods	Empty containers must not be punctured or incinerated because of the risk of an explosion. Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1. UN number

UN No. (ADR/RID)	1950
UN No. (IMDG)	1950
UN No. (ICAO)	1950
UN No. (ADN)	1950

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14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper shipping name (ADR/RID) AEROSOLS

Proper shipping name (IMDG) AEROSOLS

Proper shipping name (ICAO) AEROSOLS

Proper shipping name (ADN) AEROSOLS

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID class 2.1

ADR/RID classification code 5F

ADR/RID label 2.1

IMDG class 2.1

ICAO class/division 2.1

ADN class 2.1

Transport labels



14.4. Packing group

ADR/RID packing group None

IMDG packing group None

ICAO packing group None

ADN packing group None

14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant
No.

14.6. Special precautions for user

EmS F-D, S-U

ADR transport category 2

Tunnel restriction code (D)

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Transport in bulk according to Not applicable.

Annex II of MARPOL 73/78
and the IBC Code

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulations The Carriage of Dangerous Goods and Use of Transportable Pressure Equipment Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No. 1348) (as amended) ["CDG 2009"].
EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits.
The Aerosol Dispensers Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No. 2824).

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EU legislation

Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH) (as amended).

Commission Regulation (EU) No 2015/830 of 28 May 2015.

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (as amended).

Council Directive of 20 May 1975 on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to aerosol dispensers (75/324/EEC) (as amended).

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.

ADN: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways.

RID: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail.

IATA: International Air Transport Association.

ICAO-TI: Technical Instructions for the Safe Transport of Dangerous Goods by Air.

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods.

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service.

ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate.

LC₅₀: Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population.

LD₅₀: Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose).

EC₅₀: 50% of maximal Effective Concentration.

PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance.

vPvB: Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative.

Classification abbreviations and acronyms

Aerosol = Aerosol

Eye Irrit. = Eye irritation

STOT SE = Specific target organ toxicity-single exposure

Classification procedures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008

STOT SE 3 - H336: Eye Irrit. 2 - H319: : Calculation method. Aerosol 1 - H222, H229: : Expert judgement.

Training advice

Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations.

Revision comments

Classification according to EC 1272/2008 (CLP). Revised formulation.

Revision date

04/02/2016

Revision

4

Supersedes date

21/05/2015

SDS number

2858

Ebonising Lacquer Aerosol

Hazard statements in full

H220 Extremely flammable gas.
H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.
H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.
H229 Pressurised container: may burst if heated
H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312 Harmful in contact with skin.
H315 Causes skin irritation.
H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H332 Harmful if inhaled.
H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H373 May cause damage to organs (Central nervous system, Liver, Kidneys) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.